LANDS FORFEITED.

VOL. XIII, NO 104.

MILLIONS OF ACRES BACK TO THE PUBLIC DOMAIN.

The Senate Passes the Bill Providing for Forfeiture of Railway Grants.

Mr. Plumb's Substitute for the Bill to Repeal the Timber Culture Act Passed.

The House Anti-Lottery Bill Goes Through Without Discussion-The House Refers the Kennedy Matter to the Judiciary Committe - House Tariff Conferees-Items.

Washington, Sept. 16.—Vice-President Morton presided in the senate today. The following bills were passed: The senate bill authorizing the librarian of congress to purchase at not exceeding \$30,000 the Townsend library of national, state and individual records concerning the origin progress and consequences of the origin, progress and consequences of the late civil war.

the late civil war.

House bill for marking the lines of battle and the positions of troops of the army of Northern Virginia at Gettysburg, Pa.

The conference reported on the railroad land forfeiture bill was resumed and Mr. Morgan continued his argument against it.

Mr. Bate also opposed the conference report and asked to be informed where, under the bill, the forfeiture came in. Mr. Pjumb (in charge of the bill) said that it forfeited all the lands which, under the decision of the supreme court, could be forfeited. It forfeited somewhere between seven and ten million acres. It confirmed not a single acre to any railroad company and did not disturb the status of any acre granted to railroad companies except by terminating the right of the companies to build any more of their roads and by forfeiting the grants opposite o the uncompleted portions.

to the uncompleted portions.

Mr. Bute said that he was not at all satisfied with Mr. Plumb's answer. He desired to know how much land was to be forfeited under the bill and how much was to be confirmed. Although he desired to see those railroad lands forfeited, he was compelled to vote against the conference report. ference report.

The vote was then taken and the con-

feeence report was agreed to-yeas 30, nays 13. (A strict party vote).

The house anti-lottery bill was then on motion of Mr. Sawyer, taken from the calendar and passed without a word of

discussion.

On motion of Mr. Plumb the senate proceeded to the consideration of the house bill to repeal the timber culture laws. Mr. Plumb, who reported the bill back from the committee on public lands, moved an amendment in the nature of a substitute.

Mr. Sanders moved an amendment to section 9 of the substitute providing that no more than 640 (instead of 160) acresshall be embraced in one townsite entry. shall be embraced in one townsite entry.

Agreed to.

Mr. Reagan moved to add to Mr. Sanders amendment a proviso that timber so cultured shall be for the direct use only of the person cutting it (or having cut) and shall not be for sale or speculation.

After discussion Mr. Heagan's amendment to Mr. Sander's amendment was rejected, and the latter amendment was

II, nays 3 (Messrs, Edmunds, Quay and

The bill then passed. A conference was asked on the disagreeing votes and Messrs. Plamb, Pettigrew and Walthall were ap-pointed conferes on the part of the senate. munds, took up from the calendar the sen-ate bill to establish a United States land ourt and to provide for the settlement

TO A COMMITTEE.

The Kennedy Matter Placed in the Judiciary's Hands.

Washington, Sept. 16.—On motion of Mr. Taylor, of Tempessee, the senate bill was passed for the relief of Admiral S. P.

The house then proceeded to the consideration of the Euloo resolution relative to the Kennedy speech.

ion is as follows: Resolved. That the clark of the house of representatives be and is hereby notified o communicate to the senate the fact that the house repudiates and condemns the unparliamentary language of Hon. Robt. P. Kennedy, a representative from the P. Kennedy, a representative from the over two Sundays, state of Ohio, published in the Congressional Record of September 14, 1860, purporting to be a speech delivered on the floor of the house September 8, 1890, in which twised and amended speech he repeats his impreschiment of the housesty of senators individually and of the senate

The pending question was on the point After considerable discussion the speaker

overruled the point of order.

Mr. Bayne, of Pennsylvania, offered a resolution together with Mr. Kennedy's speech to the committee on judiciary with estructions to the committee to examine the speech and the rules and the practice

Mr. Enloc thought there was no occasion

whole speech (including the unob jectionable portions) would be expunged from the Record. If it were adopted, the speech would be expunged while the most objectionable part of it, cited by the gen-tleman from Tennessee (Mr. Enloc), would annum would be saved by the abolitic

remain as part of his remarks.

Mr. Enloe, of Tennessee, suggested that the gentleman from Illinois was hardly the person to make reflections on another person of unparliamentary language.

Mr. Cannon retorted that he had heard men who professed to be holier than others

speak in unparliamentary language. He did not admire the tone or temper of the hid not admire the tone or temper of the gentleman from Tonnessee (Mr. McMillin Instead of devoting himself to the matter.)

disapproves and condemns" Mr. Ken nedy's speech and a direction to the public printer to expunge it from the permanent Congressional Record. The house refused—yeas 83, nays 114—to

The house refused—yeas 83, nays 114—to order the previous question.

Mr. Bayne, of Pennsylvania, again offered his resolution referring the whole matter to the judiciary committee. The clause requiring the committee to report within three days was stricken out on a point of order raised by Mr. Enloe.

The previous question on the resolution was ordered—yeas 122, nays 64.

The resolution was adopted—yeas 124, nays 58—and accordingly the matter was

-and accordingly the matter w referred to the committee on the judiciary.

The speaker announced the appointment of the following conferces on the tariff bill: Messrs McKinley, Burrows, Bayne, Dingley, Mills, McMillin and Flower. The house then adjourned.

THE OHIO GERRYMANDER. Mr. Boothman Asks Congress to Prescribe the Districts.

Washington, Sept. 16.—Representative Boothman, of Ohio, today introduced in the house a joint resolution which by title provides for congressional districts in Ohicand is also to secure to the electors thereis the right to choose members of the Fifty second congress, by congressional districts. The long preamble recites the failure of the state legislature to provide in the re-districting act of March last for the inclus-ion of a large portion of Storrs township in Hamilton county, within any congressional district; that the legislature has adjourned beyond election, making legislative corrective action unattainable and that any apportionment scheme which omits a part of the territory of the state is omits a part of the territory of the state is null and void. The resolution, therefore, proceeds to define the boundaries of what shall constitute the election districts of Ohio, following in terms the provisions of the law in force before the last gerrymander, except in the case of the Second district (including Storrs township), which it is provided shall be composed of the remainder of Hamilton county not embraced within the First district. The last section requires the approaching congressional elections to be held in the districts thus prescribed.

PENSIONS FOR KANSANS.

Washington, Sept. 14.—The following pensions were issued to Kansans: Original—Edward T. Watkins, Cunninglem; William Telcamp, Louisville; Eli Petit, Fisher: Ridley Deans, Burr Oak Increase William W. Warner, Violenta; Henry Dreyon, Soldiers' home; Henry G. Challes, Westmoreland; Claus Hornbeck, Wichita.

Orihinal widows-Martha Hammond, mother of Irwin Mooner, Conway Springs.

EZETA'S ELECTION ANNOUNCED. Washington, Sept. 16.—The department f state has received a telegram from Minister Misner, at Guatemala, saying that the old national assembly of Salvador had unanimously elected Carlos Ezeta provisional president of the republic until the first of next March.

FOR A BRIDGE AT NEW ORLEANS. Washington, Sept. 16.—The house com-littee on commerce has directed a favor thle report on Representative Whe bill authorizing the construction of a bridge at New Orleans.

COLORADO'S INCREASE LARGE. Washisorov, Sept. 16.—The population of the state of Colorado, according to the count of the census bureau is 410,975. This is a net increase during the decade of 216,

AN OKLAHOMA POSTMASTER. Washington, Sept. 16.—F. J. Gilbert was appointed postmaster at Powhuska, Osage nation, vice S. J. Gaddes, moved away.

BANQUETTED THEIR FRIENDS.

Robert B. Gibbon. A sale of the O. K. ern interest to be absolutely excluded stables had been made by Mr. Moore to Mr. Gibbon, and they decided to celebrate reciprocity the west can annual court and to provide for the settlement of the private land chains in certain states and their friends. Last evening at 9:30 the strength of the private land chains in certain states and their friends. Last evening at 9:30 the strength of the alarge mass of choa and roto face, with their friends. Last evening at 9:30 the strength of the invited guests sat down to a repast of four without reciprocity she will be driven was laid saide until tomorrow, and the roast pigs, oysters in all styles, salads, pastry and beer and wine. The tables were vels of beauty. After supper cigars were passed and a number of speeches made.

Murray Moore was a Frisco conductor who became interested in the livery business and left the road to attend to the basiness. The new proprietor, R. B. Gibbon, is a wealthy young Englishman who has some," and will be a valuable addition to

Rev. Charles Burges, of the Congrega-ional church, has resigned to account of Il health. He has been here but a short time but has made many friends. The Presbyterians are happy at the prospect of seeing their late pastor, Rev. T. B. Green-lee, who will arrive tomorrow and remain

A POOR SYSTEM. Senator Farwell Denounces the Present Financial Condition.

Cuicago, Ill., Sept. 16.—Senator C. B Chicago, Ill., Sept. 16.—Senator C. B. Farweil of this city writes the following letter to the Inter-Ocean from Waukesha, Wils: "I see a good deal said in the papers about the tightness in the money market, and that Secretary Windom has been called upon to relieve it. The finances of the country can never be in a healthy condition when it is required that the secretary of the treasury shall be asked to step in and relieve a stringency which period: in and relieve a stringency which periodi-cally occurs. No one man should have it in his power to make money either cheap or dear. The government is collecting more money than it spends, so that accordtee. The facts were before the house and there was no judicial question involved.

Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, thought that the house should purge its Record of above the needs of the government. The such calumity as found in the speech of the gentleman from Ohio. There was but one thing for the bonse to do. It could not censure the gentleman, it could not exped him and it could not afford tolet its Record he encumbered with vilifications.

Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, favored the reference of the resolution to a committee in order that the house might act intelligently. In the present form of the resolution to a committee in the present form of the resolution to the whole speech incomfine the unob-which is given by those who hold this which is given by those who hold this such calumny as found in the speech of the | total amount in the various sub-treasuriwhich is given by those who hold this money, Mr. Windom would not be required to go into Wall street to regulate the finances. The money would be safer than it now is and half a million of money per this system. There never was any good reason for the establishment of the subtreasury system and it ought to be forth-with repealed."

HALE FINED.

He Pays \$500 for Shooting His Brother-in-law.

Instead of devoting himself to the matter in hand, that gentleman wanted to air his chestnutty scald which he was always anxious to parade.

Mr. McMillin—If I wanted to attack anybody, the gentleman before me offers anybody, the gentleman before me offers as good an opportunity for unparliamentary language as any man lying.

Mr. Cannon—Whatover I have said or done unparliamentary is subject to the rules of the house and will be discussed, if it is challenged.

After further debate, Mr. Enioe demanded the previous question upon his resolution, which was so modified as to be an expression on the part of the house that it

NO DARK HORSE.

MOONLIGHT CAPTURES THE HOR-TON CONVENTION.

Montana's Ex-Governor Named on . the First Ballot to Oppose Broderick.

Mr. Blaine Shows How Reciprocity Must be Adopted in the Interest of Western Industries.

New England's Idea of Protection to Manufacturers Alone Very Unwise - A Pertinent Example in the Flour Lidustry-His Plan Simple, Just and Easy to Accomplish.

HORTON, Kan., Sept. 16.—The Democrats of the First Kansas district in convention complete today nominated Thomas Moonlight for congress. His only opponents were Harrington, of Brown, and Townsend, of Jefferson counties. On the formal ballot Rs. wotes were cast for Moonlight, 3 for Harrington and none for Townsend.

ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY.

Mr. Blaine Says Western Interests Demand Reciprocity.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 16.—The following letter from Hon. James G. Blaine was given for publication today: BAR HARBOR, Me., Sept. 15, 1890. W. Clapp, Editor Boston Journal, Bos-

My Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your favor asking me if I can attend the annual banquet of the Boot and Shoe club of Bos-ton, in October. You add that members ton, in October. You add that members are "in hearty sympathy with my views regarding the best method of extending American trade and would be glad to have me address them." I regret that my engagements will not permit me to accept the invitation, but you will please thank the club for the compliment they pay me. I am glad to hear that the members of the club are interested in a varient of reciprocal club are interested in a varient of reciprocal control of the club are interested in a varient of reciprocal control of the club are interested in a varient of reciprocal control of the club are interested in a varient of reciprocal control of the club are interested in a varient of reciprocal control of the club are interested in a varient of reciprocal control of the club are interested in a varient of the club are interested in a varie club are interested in a system of recipro-cal trade with Latin-America. They can do great good by counteracting a certain phase of New England opinion, entertain-ed at home as in Washington—an opinion which I must regard as in the highest de-gree unwise and hurtful to New England's interests.

terests. New England is to receive in the new tariff the amplest protection for every manufacturing industry within her bor-ders, both great and small, and it will, in my judgment, be both inexpedient and in-jurious for her representatives to disregard a measure which promote western

interests.

I may lately received a letter from Mr. J. F. Imbs, of St. Louis, a leading representative of the flour interests and president of the late convention of the millers at Minneapolis. Speaking for the grain and flouring interests of that great section, Mr. Imbs said that "a letter of recent date from Cuba stated that the duties now collected on American flour are at a higher rate than was at first supposed to be the case," and he adds: "I respectfully submit that the American miller will be unable to retain any part of the Cuban nable to retain any part of the Cuban de unless immediate relief is se-In view of these facts, is it possi-ANTHONY, Kan., Sept. 16.—Last evening occurred one of the most pleasant affairs occurred one of the most pleasant affairs ever given in this city. It was a grand ever given in this city. It was a grand ever given in this city. It was a grand think of opening our market to Cuita's of the country demands the thoughful the interest of the people. I vote ave.

Mr. Foster—I shall record my vote of the country demands the thoughful the interest of the people. I vote ave.

Mr. Foster—I shall record my vote and earnest attention of every voter. A lour trade unless im stables had been made by Mr. Moore to
Mr. Gibbon, and they decided to celebrate many hundred thousand barrels of flour in
the occasion by a supper to about fifty of the markets of Cuba and Porto Rico, with

y and beer and wine. The tables were in two proposed tariff bill des, surely no man of good judgment, certainly no protectionist of wise forecas wishes to expose a western interest to serious injury, and especially when it is manifestly easy to protect it—manifestly easy because at this very time the bourds of trade, the chambers of commerce and the public opinion in Havana are demand ing reciprocal trade with the United States, I select Cuba and Porto Rico for examples because in certain quarters it has been said that while we might secure reciprocity with some little countries in South America, we could do nothing with the Spanish islands. Let us at least give the Spanish islands an opportunity to

peak for themselves. peak for themselves. Certain wise men observe that they want time to study the system. To this might reply that the best method of dudying a system is to observe its practical workings while studying in the abstract. Refusing to take some object some these gentlemen propose to open our market to Latin-American products free of any charge, without asking Latin-America to give us in turn some freedom in their markets. The object lesson im-mediately before us is the treatment of the sugar question. Shall we make Latin-America a gift of that trade? When we have studied that lesson, we shall be pre-

pared for the second.

The first proposition of all is put forward. by those who say: "Let us put sugar on the free list now and next year we will take up the subject of reciprocity." If I under-stand the logic, it is to make sugar free this year without condition and next year to ask Spain if she will not kindly consent to ask Spain if she will not kindly consent to grant us reciprocal trade? Holding the complete vantage ground ourselves the proposed policy transfers the vantage ground to Spain. Instead of granting a favor to Spain today, we are to ask her for for favor tomorrow. Those who take this ground belong to that class of careful guardians of property who prepare a very strong lock for the stable after the horse is youe.

I do not mean, in anything I have said. to imply that reciprocity is only a western interest. As I remarked in a note to Sen-ator Frye, it will prove beneficial and profitable both to the farm and the shop. The many forms in which our business in-terests will be promoted by reciprocity can not be known until the active commercial men of the United States have developed those forms by investigation and experence. We shall not realize the full benef of the policy in a day or a year, but shall we therefore throw away countless count less millions of trade, in addition to the sixty million we have al-ready thrawn away and then ignorantly declare without trial that the system won't

Finally, there is the fact that should

CONNECTICUT DEMOCRATS.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 16.—The 502 delegates to the state Democratic convention nearly filled the lower floor of the Allynhall. State Chairman Clinton B. Davis called the convention to order at 11:20 a. called the convention to order at 11:20 a. m., and Secretary Swortout read the call. The chairman called Congressman W. F. Wilcox to act as temporary chairman. Mr. Wilcox, on being introduced said he was glad to be called to preside over the convention of a party to which he was proud to belong. Six years ago this party selected as its candidate for president one of the purest and ablest men that ever occupied the white house — Hon. Grover Cleveland. This mention of Mr. Cleveland's name called forth great applause. Further on in his speech Mr. Wilcox said no one but President Harrison could have made the Hayes administration respectno one but President Harrison could have made the Hayes administration respectable. The usual committees were appointed and the convention took a recess. The convention reassembled at 1:10, when Temporary Chairman Wilcox announced that Congressman W. A. Springer, of Illinois, would address the meeting in a few moments. Hon. J. A. Vance and George McNall were appointed a committee to bring Mr. Springer from the hotel. Hon. H. W. Eaton, of Hartford, was elected permanent chairman. Senator Eaton was greeted with applause and spoke briefly in condemnation of the Republican party and the action of the present congress.

Morris was nominated for governor on the first ballot. The ticket was completed as follows: Lieutenant governor, Joseph W. Alsop, of Middletown; secretary of state, J. J. Phelan, of Bridzeport; treasurer, Marvin H. Sanger, of Canterbury; comptroller, Nicholas Staud, of New Militors on the Final Outcome.

PENNSYLVANIA'S DEMOGRATION OF THE READING, Pa., Sept. 16.—The annual meeting of the Democratic societies of Pennsylvania here today brought together representatives of the party from every section of the state. Philadelphia was noticularly well represented. Messrs. PENNSYLVANIA'S DEMOCRATIC CLUBS particularly well represented. Messrs. Pattison, Black and Barclay, the candidates of the party respectively for governor, lieu-tenant governor and secretary of internal affairs, arrived at 10 o'clock and after being escorted to their hotel held a public being escorted to their hotel held a public reception which lasted two hours. The convention of clubs was called to order in the Grand opera house at I o'clock. About 1,000 delegates were present. Chauncey F. Black presided and opened the proceedings with an address. The societies adjourned tonight after choosing Pittsburg as the next place of meeting. The following officers were elected: President, Chauncey F. Black vice president, Joseph T. Murphy, of Philadelphia, secretary, John D. Worman, of Philadelphia.

HALLOWELL IN RUSH COUNTY.

LACROSSE, Kan., Sept. 16.-A large meet ng at McCracken this afternoon was addressed by Colonel Hallowell. The event was attended by crowds of enthusiastic farmers. M. E. Chenoweth acted as chair-

Tonight the colonel addressed another large and deeply interested gathering in this city. Dr. W. M. Goodwin presided. The old soldiers and friends are all for Hallowell.

POLITICS IN HARPER. ich to the Daily Eagle.

ANTHONY, Kan., Sept. 16.-An Alliance eeting was held at Bluff City this afternoon and was addressed by W. S. Cade, of Colonel Hallowell is to be here on the

3th of October, and will undoubtedly meet with an enthusiastic reception, Our county convention meets next week, Saturday, and then the campaign will begin in earnest.

BY BALLOTS OR BULLETS! SALINA, Kan., Sept. 16.—A citizens' alli-ance was held here last night with thirty-five members. The members are pledged to support the Peoples' ticket. Their plat-

great labor movement is sweeping this country. Will you settle the great quesons of the day, now with the ballot while you have an opportunity, or will you a until it will require the sword and be and another Fort Sumter fired upon?

THE ROBINSON RATIFICATION. LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Sept. 16. - The Robinson ratification meeting which was to have been held here tomorrow, has been postponed until next Thursday evening, Ex-Governor Robinson will be in attend-

The Republican county central commite has named Saturday, September 27, as is date for holding the convention for the omination of county officers. Primaries for the selection of delegates to the convention, will be held Friday, September 26.

THE NEW ORDER IN FAVOR. New York, Sept. 16.—Charles R. Flint received today the following cable from Rio Janerio: The elections have passed off in perfect order and quiet. Results of the ms show that the country is over-ningly in favor of the new order of hines. No monarchists and hardly any linterest of the people or townsite specula-dericals have been elected. The success tors. The bill before us is to locate the of the Republican party in the electrons is capital at some given point. Everyone reassured. The press congratulates the gov-ernment upon the result.

CALIFORNIA SIXTH DEMOCRATS. convention at Coronnelo, last night nominated for congressman W. J. Curtis, of the territory at large and will san Berndinado, by acclamation.

KATTAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 16.—The Re-

A UNION LABOR NOMINATION. county, for congress.

inister, sat on his right and Captain of the Baltimore, upon his left. bley, of the Baltimore, upon his left uni Lewenhaupt gave a toust to the sident of the United States and dilated

ity of Stockholm for its hospitality.

THE FIREMEN'S BUSINESS DONE. and in clearing up miscellaneous business.

The election and installation of grand officers followed: Grand Master F. P. Sargent, Vice-Grand Master J. J. Hannahan, Grand Secretary and Treasurer E. V. Debe.
The delegates left today on an excursion to Mount Shasta after which they go to Los a horses and these to their respective. Angeles and thence to their respective bill will come up when the other bill does. JAMES G. BLAINE | DOLLER

SEVEN TO SIX.

EVERY VOTE CONCERNING CAPITAL LOCATION.

The Bill Choosing Oklahoma City as the Seat of Government Passed.

A Long and Strong Fight Made by the Opposition without the Least Success.

Mr. Foster Offers a Substitute Providing for Erection of the Buildings at the Winner's Expense.

tion on the Final Outcome.

Special dispatch to the Daily Eagle. GUTHRIE, Ok., Sept. 16.-There was tremendous excitement in Guthrie today. The friends of the different capital projects were here in force. The council room was crowded with anxious people who listened auribus errectis to the heated discussion of the councillors. Crimination and recrimination was the order of The the day. Frequently the lobby, forgetful

permanent capitol at Oklahoma City. The bill will probably come up in the house tomorrow and from present appearances it will receive there a tie vote, as Speaker Daniels favors Guthrie. There is a good deal of talk here tonight about the bill.

The question now on the lips of all, is what will the governordo with the bill if it is passed? Suffice it to say that he will act consistently with his position. He is fully cognizant that he is governor of Oklahoma and will in every way in his power subserve the best interests of the great commonwealth yet to be.

THE CAPITAL QUESTION UP.

At the morning session of the council the president was in the chair and twelve nt. The minutes were read and approved. Mr. Foster introduced a substi tute to bill 7-the capital bill. He moved the hill be read a second time by title and considered at the same time as an original Mr. McCartney moved the bill be read

Mr. Foster-I wish to say the object of Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma, rose to a poin

Mr. Foster-The substitute concerns the wants of the taxpayers of the territory Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma, rose to a point of order that it was not debatable.

Mr. Foster—I shall record my vote in

Mr. Foster's motion was lost -7 to 6 Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma, moved the bill tion.

features of the bill into it.

capital at Guthrie. He read from the original bill. Putting this bill into the hands of a commission will result in Guthrie serving an injuction on the commission and in consequence the capital will remain at Guthrie.

Mr. Foster copied the bill from a bill which passed in another territory. If the gentlemen wished to rob the territory of gentlemen wished to rob the territory of the consequence and the rich and magnificent country that which passed in another territory of gentlemen wished to rob the service of this council will concede to the majority some little right, since under the proposed the rich and magnificent country that which passed in another territory of gentlemen wished to rob the territory of gentlemen wished to rob the territory of gentlemen wished to rob the service of this council, the rights of the people have been bartered away. I hope the members of this council will concede to the majority some little right, since under the rules made by them the minority is entitled to a bearing. Witness the conduct of the and magnificent country that otherwise.

A new postoffice has just been established a for the people have been bartered away. I hope the members of this council, the rights of the people have been bartered away. I hope the members of this council, the rights of the people have been bartered away. I hope the members of this council, the rights of the people have been bartered away. I hope the members of this council will concede to the majority some little right, since under the rules are the color of this council to the people have been bartered away. I hope the members of this council will concede to the majority some little right, since under the rules are the color of this council to the people have been bartered away. I hope the members of this council will concede to the majority some little right, since under the rules

half a million dollars let the n do so. Mr. Pattman moved its rejection.

Mr. Foster—The question is, shall the legislature of this territory legislate in the tors. The bill before us is to locate the alizes the benefits derived by the town ob taining the capital. The air is full of CALIFORNIA SIXTH DEMOCRATS.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Sept. 16.—The Demorats of the Sixth congressional district in
onvention at Coronado, last night nomiated for congressman W. J. Curtis, of
an Berndinado, by acclamation.

IN KANSAS CITY'S DISTRICT.

KANSAS CITY. Mo., Sept. 16.—The Rethe Solutions. The substitute provides that the town that secures it will
secure a lasting benefit to the territory at
large. Its effect will be beneficial
to the territory at large and will
put at rest this vexed question
for all time. This is just, right and fair
to all. The bill provides that so much of
Your leaders said: "Two thousand dollars
to all. The bill provides that so much of boodle propositions. The substitute provides that the town that secures it will to all. The bill provides that so much of the 160 acres as is given for the capital grounds shall be laid out for grounds and the balance of said fund to be used in the interests of the capital building. Dakota gives us an example of the terrible effects of bad legislation in this respect. We are not here simply to say that this place or condemning my action. They secured the names of six Republicans, after paying a man fill to ride over the capital to the Sac and Fox agency to save something for Payne county I would do it, and I leave it to my constituency to say whether I have not done right. Guthrie tried to get names to a petition condemning my action. They secured the names of six Republicans, after paying a man fill to ride over the county. If Guthct, this evening nominated Colonel D. S. grounds shall be laid out for grounds and CAMERON, Mo., Sept. 16.—The union of bud legislation in this respect. We are abor party of the Third Missouri district not here simply to say that this place or that shall have the empty benor of the capital, but rather to so locate it that the THE BALTIMORE'S OFFICERS BAN- great territory may derive inestimated benefit. We are to be held responsible by STORHOLM, Sept. 16.—A dinner was given the tax payers of this territory STORHOLM Sept. 16.—A dinner was given ast night by the city of Stockholm to the Officers attached to the United States assumer Baltimore, which conveyed the scanner Baltimore, which conveyed the screen besieged at home and on the streets by land sharks and men having a scheme. I will stand by the people in this matter if I meet the displeasure of such people. If Guithrie can't put up \$100,000 and \$100,000 more if necessary, let the capital state of the screen Baltimore, which conveyed the streets by land sharks and men having a scheme. I will stand by the people in this matter. I have been besieged at home and on the streets by land sharks and men having a scheme. I will stand by the people in this matter if I meet the displeasure of such people. If Guithrie can't put up \$100,000 more if necessary, let the capital state of the scheme is the scheme of the scheme in this matter. I have been besieged at home and on the streets by land sharks and men having a scheme. I will stand by the people in this matter if I meet the displeasure of such people. If Guithrie can't put up \$100,000 more if necessary, let the capital scheme. I will stand by the people in this matter if I meet the displeasure of such people. If Guithrie can't put up \$100,000 more if necessary, let the capital scheme it will stand by the people in this matter if I meet the displeasure of such people. If Guithrie can't put up \$100,000 more if necessary, let the capital scheme it will stand by the people in this matter if I meet the displeasure of such people. If Guithrie can't put up \$100,000 more if necessary, let the capital scheme it will stand by the people in this matter. I have been besieged at home and on the streets by land sharks and men having a scheme. I will stand by the people in this matter if I meet the displeasure of such people in this matter if I meet the displeasure of such people in this matter. I have been besieged at hom for our action in this

find the councillor from Oklahoma City has gone to reading his book. This ques tion has been settled by the supreme court. on the unbroken harmony that has ex.

The appointment of communication that unbroken harmony that has ex.

The appointment of communication to be debated. They say, "We propose to be debated. They say, "We propose to be debated. They say, "We propose Minister Thomas responded to the toast and in return gave a toast to King Oscar-lice Admiral Virgin then proposed the alth of the officers of the Baltimore to hich Captain Schler responded, thanking the admiral for his courtesy and the court of the courtesy and the courtesy and the courtesy and the courtesy are to have the building built free of extended to the courtesy and the courtesy are to have the building built free of extended to the toast to be debated. They say, "We propose to be captain for nothing the captain for nothing the captain for the collection of the debated. They say, "We propose to be captain for nothing the captain for nothing th pense to the territory." provides for immunity from taxation for twenty five years so far as the expense of all debate SAY FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 16.—The building the capitol is concerned. Gentle common ve Firemen pesterday devoted ouriderable time to a discussion of the correct of the beneficiary claims committee a substitute that provides for all this enormous expense of building. If you do this mons expense of building? If you do this

Mr. McCartney-Before this bill is voted

down, as in all probability it will be, I will state that I am in favor of the bill. The bill is so fair that no one who has the in terests of his constituency at heart can vote it down. The United States has delegated to us the location of the capital and we in turn can delegate these powers to commissioners. To say that the capital i worth \$200,000 is not saying too little. is of so much value to the people of the senior councillor from Oklahoma City that he will sacrifice his party principles to se cure it. [Applause from the gallery] No councillor here can go home and satis factorily explain his vote on this question. Upwards of 60,000 people in the territory will read the result of this vote with the deepest interest. Will this combination or coalition deserve the name of "immor tall." I appeal to the people of the third party to bring into practicable legislation what you preach on the stump, to put into practice what you advocate. I am a Re-publican; this measure suits my Republi-canism. I ask you Democrats if the principles of your party countenance the vot-ing down of this bill! Shades of Andrew Jackson, what do you

Paily Eagle.

Shades of Andrew Jackson, what do you mean by trampling under foot all the time hallowed principles of your party?

Mr. Gardenhire—I want to say, Mr. President, that I would very much like to see that bill referred to a committee, but when the gentleman speaks of the gigantic frands that are likely to be foisted upon the people by this bill, I can only say the bill surpasses everything by its loose construction that I have ever khown. Why will not the representatives from Guthrie come into this council and state what Guthrie will give? I am willing to consider the bill in the committee, but only as a separate bill. It was brought in today as a finibustering scheme. Let each town state what it will give.

town state what it will give.

Mr. Foster-Will the councillor from
Payne answer one question. I do not
think you understand the bill. The bill
provides that \$100,000 and 160 acres of land

shall be put up.
This is no bid on the part of Guthrie.
Guthrie did not wish it introduced.
Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma—If there has ever been a fraud presented to the legisla-tive body this bill today is one. The Dakota bill involved the whole state in strife. We hope soon to have a population of not only 60,000 but 200,000. The bill to fasten this capital at any one place is of the day.

of the rules, applianded. Messrs. Brown
of Logan, Foster and McCartney, fought
valiantly to down the coalition, but with
no avail. The compact was too strong.
Every device that a parliamentarian could
invent was resorted to. Defeat was ininvent was resorted to. Defeat was in-

Mr. Pittman called for the previous que Mr. McCartney-I hope this will be voted down. Mr. Brown, of Oklahema-I rise to the

revious question.
The vote on the amendment was carried The main question was carried by the same vote.

Mr. Gardenhire introduced council bill

No. 14, an act to provide for the location of an agricultural college, to be located at Stillwater.

Mr. Gardenhire moved that it be read a econd time by title and referred to the ommittee. It was referred to the com-nittee on location of the capital and other sublic institutions. Mr Pittman moved the rules be su-sended and council bill No. 7 be considered

BROWN, OF LOGAN, TALKS. Mr. Brown, of Logan—Are we permitted to say anything upon this motion? I desire to say I am opposed to this motion. For the first time since the organization of this house members have been cut off from the first time since the organization of this house members have been cut off from introducing bills. It is the preconcerted plan of the unholy seven. A bill was introduced by my colleague, and while the merits of the bill was under discussion the seven tried to cut off debate. The whole drift of the argument was directed against the features of the nill, when the bill could not possibly come under consideration. Who ever heard that when a house. The number of purchases can not be given. Who ever heard that when a house read by title and reported to the commit-tee on capital.

Mr. Foster—This carries the original bill

with it.

is neatly planned but it will leave the first capital at Guthrie. He read from the In order to gratify the ambition of one

ing of 192 sections? FOR HIS CONSTITUENCY. Mr. Gardenhire—I was raised in the woods: I am not to be scared by an owl I would prefer to see the capital at Goth is, but when we of Payne county came t

man \$100 to ride over the county

ith her. Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma-Let's take hold of the question and settle it. After having extended to the friends of. Guthrie te time asked, what have they done? hey have done everything in their power Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma, moved the

Shall the main question be put?" Car-The bil was declared engrossed and put

The bil was declared engrossed and put upon its passage.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma, moved the consideration of the bill.

Mr. Brown, of Logan offered a substitute to council bill No. 7, locating and establishing the capital at Guthrie, an agricultural college at Stillwater, the state university at Heinessey, the penitentiary at Frisco, the normal school at Norman.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma, moved the previous question and the substitute then to be voted upon as an original question.

McCartney called for a division of the question.

question:
On the vote on the main question Mr. oster explained his sote. If funderstand he ruling the passage of this bill cuts off I hope it will be voted down as I wish to make an amendment. Carnet

The question is then upon the adoption of the substitute of House of Legan. It rus lost by the same rute.

Mr. Hrown of Logan moved an adjourn nent. Lost—7 to a.

Mr. Foster introduced a substitute to rection I to council bill. No. 7 by way of

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma, rose to the as question Continued on Second Page

DEEP WATER HARBOR AT ARANSAS. PASS.

Fifty Wealthy and Influential Men Take Hold of the Great Enterprise.

The City of Aransas Organized with an Intense Boom and Now Rapidly Growing.

Work on the Much-Needed Improvement to

point within the next eight or ten

Fifty of the leading men of the country with Russell B. Harrison as president, have organized themselves into a company to carry out the grand project, and an army of workmen are about to engage in the glorious enterprise. Governor Ireland and Lieutenant Governor Wheeler of Texas are active laborers in the great undertaking and seven congressmen as well other distinguished ritizens from various parts of the country have joined in giving this section the greatest commercial boom that could possibly advance its interests or give prosperity to the Lone Star state.

THE CITY OF ARANHAS.

The city of Arausas Harbor, which was only dedicated a few days ago, has already made tremendous strides and property within its boundary is on the wildest boom. At the sale of town lets just closed, vailed and in the eagerness of the gathering to purchase a stake in the future etropolis they rushed pell mell over the tables and benches, many of those present buying as many as fifteen or twenty high priced lots before they had they wanted. Among the what. most spirited bidders were a number of ladies, including Mrs. J. L. Jones, of Corpus Christi, who bought a magnificent lot which she will immediately erect an office and engage in the real estate and insurngrossed and put upon its passage.

Mr. Brown, of Logan, made the point of sider that the motion was out of order.

The chair sustained the point.

Mr. Brown, of Logan, appealed from the chair sustained the chair was so much enthusiasm manifested to secure lots, and never saw a ance business. Judge Henry Sutton, of St. Louis, conducted the sale and says that grander site for a great city than that of Aransas Harbor. Buyers from sleven states as well as from the republic of Mex ico were in attendance, and Senor J. S. Verastigue, of San Luis Potosi, had an

were the most extensive of any sale that ever took place in the southwest

Mr. Foster—This carries the original bill with it.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma, withdrew his notion.

Mr. Foster—I shall incorporate all the catures of the bill into it.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma—The substitute and the catures of the bill into it.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma—The substitute and the cature of the bill into it.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma—The substitute and the cature of the bill into it.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma—The substitute and the cature of the bill into it.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma—The substitute and the cature of the bill into it.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma—The substitute and the cature of this body.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma—The substitute and the cature of this body.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma—The substitute are catured to clear the lobby.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma and the coalition which has laid out its plan, wishing to defeat every effort, I am prohibited from from my rights as a member of this body.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma, withdrew his notion.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma—The substitute are catured to complete the crowd was at all times because of the coalition which has laid out its plan without expense of the coalition which has laid out its plan without expense of the coalition which has laid out its plan without expense of the coalition which has laid out its plan without expense of the coalition which has laid out its plan without expense of the coalition which has laid out its plan without expense of the coalition which has laid out its plan without expense of the coalition which has laid out its plan which has laid out its pla

to on, use the unboly power you have in your hands. You will be held to an account by your constituency.

The chair—is this bill the one consist—was only a short time alines a bouseless was only a short time alines a bouseless. waste will blossom into a great metropolis where the largest ships will find a safe harbor. The products of land and sea will reach the whole southwest.

> HE FOUND HAMILTON'S BODY. Locisville. Ky. Sept. 18. Dr. J. O. Green, of New York, arrived in Louisville hat evening on a short visit to his friends and relatives. He has just returned from Montana and the Yellowstone national park where it was his sad misfortune to find the remains of Robert Ray Hamilton, who was drowned in Snake river. Dr. Green says that Mr. Hamilton left his southern ranch at the end of Jackson lake to go to the northern ranch on Angust M Nothing was heard of him until Septemp ber I, when word came that Hamilton's horse and dog had been found, the hind quarters of an antelope being strapped to the saddle on the horse's back. Scarth was begun at once. The hody of the un-fortunate man was found some distance from the camp, caught in the roots of two

> from the camp, caught in the roots of two large pine trees which had been uprooted in the stream.
>
> Dr. Green says there is no doubt that the body found was that of Robert Ray Hamilton in reply to the doubts expressed in New York. The body had in the water some days the watch had stopped at 9:00 o'clock, and this in connection with the facts showing the killing of the antelope, indicates that Mr. Hamilton had spent some time in chase and had probably attempted to ford the river at night.

THE JAP'S CASE APPEALED. New York, Sept. 16.—Lawyer Hoger M. Sherman, who has interested binaself in the case of Shibruja Jagers, the condemand Japanese murderer, who is is solitary confinement at Sing Sing prises, under sentence of death to be electro-cuted, has decided to appeal to the United tates supreme court from Judge Lacomb's ecent decision in the United States cir-nit court in refusing a writ of habeau day permitting the appeal to be taken and directed that all the papers in the case be forwarded to Washington. The new session of the United States supreme court begins on the second Monday of next

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

Phovidencerown, Mass. Sept. 16.—Dur-ng a severe thunder storm this morning a name! shaped cloud with a rushing noise wept directly over the Union who Lightning street the building, instantly killing Solomon Stanley, aged 21, a native of Grand Menon, unmarried, and Captain Raiph Atwood, aged 61 Captain Atwood's son Harry and Fred Williams, one of the re of the store, were and a dozen others received slight shocks.